

## USER'S MANUAL

### SC 8100J

High Speed 4-Needle Double Chain Sewing Machine (For Jeans Waist Band)

SunStar CO., LTD.

1) FOR AT MOST USE WITH EASNESS, PLEASE CERTAINLY READ THIS MANUAL BEFORE STARTING USE

2) KEEP THIS MANUAL N SAFE PLACE FOR REFERENCE WHEN THE MACHINE BREAKS DOWN.

MME-090929



- 1. Thank you for purchasing our product. Based on the rich expertise and experience accumulated in industrial sewing machine production, SUNSTAR will manufacture industrial sewing machines, which deliver more diverse functions, high performance, powerful operation, enhanced durability, and more sophisticated design to meet a number of user's needs.
- 2. Please read this user's manual thoroughly before using the machine. Make sure to properly use the machine to enjoy its full performance.
- 3. The specifications of the machine are subject to change, aimed to enhance product performance, without prior notice.
- 4. This product is designed, manufactured, and sold as an industrial sewing machine. It should not be used for other than industrial purpose.



(5un5tar) SunStar CO., LTD.

# Contents

1.	Machine Type and Specifications	6
2.	. Safety Rules	7
	2.1) Safety Stickers	7
	2.2) Machine Delivery	8
	2.3) Work Environment	9
	2.4) Machine Installation	9
	2.5) Control Box Installation	10
	2.6) Machine Operation	10
	2.7) Repair and Maintenance	11
	2.8) Other Safety Rules	11
	2.9) Safety Label ·····	12
	2.10) Safety Label Location	13
3.	Operating Methods	14
	3.1) Needle and Thread	14
	3.2) Sewing Speed	15
	3.3) Oil Supply	15
	3.4) Adjustment of Looper and Needle	16
	3.5) Adjustment of Retainer Looper	18
	3.6) Adjustment of Distance Between Needle and Needle Guide	19
	3.7) Adjustment of Presser Foot	20
	3.8) Thread Adjustment	21
	3.9) Adjustment of Stitch Number	22
	3.10) Description of Automatic Parts	22
	3.11) Pneumatic Unit Connection	25
4.	Power Voltage and Control Box Cable Connection	···· 27
	4.1) Power Voltage and Power Cord Connection	27
5.	Control Box Cable Connection	29
6.	. Fuse Replacement	30
7.	Checkpoints Before Use	31
8.	. Location Detector (Synchronizer) Adjustment	32
	8.1) Location Detector (Synchronizer) Adjusting Methods	32



9. Parts and Use of Program Unit	
9.1) Parts Name of Parameter Unit	
9.2) Function Description of Program Unit Parts	
9.3) How to Use the Program Unit	
10. Settings	40
10.1) Feed setting	
10.2) Auto Waist Band Production Process	
11. Using Parameters	
11.1) Initialization	
11.2) Checking or Altering Detailed Parameter Values	46
11.3) Parameter Details	47
12. Digital Board ROM Replacement	50
13. Errors and Troubleshooting	51

### Machine Type and Specifications

Machine Type		
SunStar Chain Sitich Double Chain Waist Band Sub Class	J J Jean	
Control Box Type		
SunStar Jean System Series : A Series : B Waist Band	1 1-Phase 110V 2 2-Phase 110V 3 3-Phase 110V E Electronic System M Mechanical System	

#### **○** Specifications

	SC 8100J-ES	SC 8100J-EF	SC 8100J-MS	SC 8100J-MF
Use		Jeans waist	band sewing	
Lubrication		Automatic	lubrication	
Ordinary Speed(Maximum Speed)		3500spm	(4000spm)	
Stitch Length		2.8mm	~6.4mm	
Needle Bar Stroke	32mm			
Needle Gauge	4-Needle 1/4" -1" -1/4"			
Needle	DV × 57			
Automatic Presser Foot Lift (Pneumatic)	8mm			
Process Automation Device (cutter, grip, skip)	×	0	×	0
Puller Driving System	Driven by Stepping Pulse Motor			
Needle Bar Oscillation System	m Driven by Stepping Pulse Motor		Link Driven by Eccentric Cam	
Pneumatic	0.6MPa			
Motor	550W Direct Drive AC Servo Motor			



# 2 Safety Rules

#### 2.1) Safety Stickers

The safety stickers in this user's manual are divided into **Caution**, **Danger**, and **Warning**. They indicate that if the safety rules are not kept, injury or damage to machine might occur as a result.

No.	Name	Description
Caution	Caution	If the machine is not properly handled, it may cause injury to users or physical damage to the machine.
Warning	Warning	If the machine is not properly handled, it may cause death or severe injury to users.
Danger	Danger	If the machine is not properly handled, it may cause death or severe injury to users, and the urgency of the danger is very high.

#### 2.2) Machine Delivery





#### 2.3) Work Environment

•	<ol> <li>Voltage         <ul> <li>The voltage should be within the 10% change rate of the constant voltage.</li> <li>The power frequency should be within the 1% change rate of the constant current frequency (50/60Hz).</li> <li>With the two conditions ready, the rated voltage capacity of the servo motor is displayed.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
	<ul> <li>2) Electromagnetic Wave Noise</li> <li>Use a separate power supply from the products with strong magnetic field or those with high frequency. Do not place the machine near those products.</li> </ul>
Caulion	<ul> <li>3) Temperature and Humidity <ul> <li>The operating temperature should be 5°C ~40°C.</li> <li>Do not use the machine outdoors and do not expose the machine to direct sunlight.</li> <li>Place the machine away from hot objects such as heaters.</li> <li>The humidity should be 30%~95%.</li> </ul> </li> <li>4) Do not use the machine near a gas facility or explosives.</li> <li>5) Do not use the machine at the place higher than 1,000 m above the sea level.</li> <li>6) When unused, store the machine at the temperature of -25°C ~55°C.</li> </ul>

#### 2.4) Machine Installation

#### 2.5) Control Box Installation

	1) Make sure that the power plug is removed from the outlet when installing the control box.
	<ul> <li>2) Fix the cables and make sure that they do not interfere with moving parts such as belt (Keep them at least 25mm away from the moving parts).</li> <li>3) Ground wire should be connected to the control box and sewing machine</li> </ul>
Caution	<ul><li>4) Make sure that the control box's voltage specifications are proper before turning on the power.</li></ul>

#### 2.6) Machine Operation





#### 2.7) Repair and Maintenance

	When repair is needed, properly trained SunStar A/S engineers should be called to conduct the repair.		
	<ol> <li>Cut off the main power before machine cleaning and repair. Wait for four minutes until the machine is completely discharged.</li> </ol>		
Danger	For cleaning or repairing the main shaft motor and the X/Y drive box, wait for ten minutes for complete discharge after the power is cut off.		
	<ol> <li>Do not change the machine specifications or parts without substantial consultation with SunStar because this may cause safety issues during machine operation.</li> </ol>		
	<ul><li>3) Use SunStar original parts for repair or part replacement during A/S activity.</li><li>4) Put back all safety covers which are removed for repair activities after repair is</li></ul>		
	completed.		
	6) Do not operate the machine while the motor or the controller is opened.		
	<ol> <li>Turn off the power and remove feet from the pedal during thread placement or machine checking.</li> </ol>		

#### 2.8) Other Safety Rules

<ul> <li>1) Keep fingers away from the belt and the moving parts.</li> <li>2) Avoid taking discretionary measures when altering the machine or attaching additional devices. The safety standards must be observed.</li> <li>3) Do not operate the machine while safety devices are removed.</li> <li>4) Do not spill water or coffee into the control box and the motor.</li> <li>5) Do not drop the control box and the motor.</li> </ul>
---

#### 2.9) Safety Label

오CAUTION 경고Image: Caution of the second	Do not operate without finger guard and safety devices installed. Before replacing thread, bobbin, and needle or cleaning, turn off the main power switch.
Marking 경 고Marking 값Hazardous voltage will cause injury. Be sure to wait at least 360 seconds before opening this cover after turn off main switch and unplug a power cord. 고압 전류에 의해 감전될 수 있으므로 커버를 열 때는 전원을 내리고 전원 플러그를 뽑고 나 서 360초간 기다린 후 여십시오.	Electric shock might be caused due to high-voltage electric current. When opening the cover, turn off the power and remove the power plug. Wait for 360 seconds before opening the cover.

\* The above directions are aiming safe and proper operation of the sewing machine. If they are ignored, machine breakdown or physical damage might occur. User should keep in mind and observe them for safe use.



#### 2.10) Safety Label Location



### **Operating Methods**

#### 3.1) Needle and Thread

#### 3.1.1) Needle

Choose proper DV X 57 needle (Schmetz or Organ) depending on fabric and thread (standard: #21).

Schmets DV × 57	Nm90~Nm200
Organ Dv × 57	#14~#25

#### 3.1.2) Needle Replacement

When replacing a needle, make sure with great care that the needle scarf is headed to the left.





When replacing a needle, turn off the power and make sure that the machine is completely stopped.

#### 3.1.3) Thread Placement

See the following figure for proper thread placement.

When the thread placement is improper, stitch skipping and thread break might occur or sewing result is improper. When placing the looper thread, adjust the slant of the thread to place the looper in front of the sewing machine. When the  $\boxed{F3}$  key is pressed on the program operating panel, the looper descends, making threading to the needle easier.







#### 3.1.4) Needle and Thread Cooling Device

During high-speed sewing, heat is generated due to the friction between the needle and the sewing fabric. This may cause thread break or stitch skipping. When a synthetic thread or a synthetic fabric is used, the stitch hole might get larger. To remove such problems, the sewing machine is installed with the needle cooling device and the lubrication device for needle and thread. Silicon-contained oil is the most effective lubricant.





The air volume of the needle cooler could be controlled with the speed controller. If the needle cooler is not needed considering the sewing conditions, remove the felt to stop the dry thread from passing through the cooler felt.

#### 3.2) Sewing Speed

3.2.1) Sewing Speed and Pulley's Driving Direction

See the table below for the standard and maximum speeds.

To lengthen the lifespan of the sewing machine, reduce the speed by some  $15 \sim 20\%$  from the standard speed for the first 200 hours (some 1 month).

Or operate the sewing machine at the standard speed. The direction of the hand pulley is counterclockwise as in the figure.

Speed	Max. Speed	Standard Speed
RPM	4000	3500

(The sewing machine can be run at the maximum speed when the stitch length is 4.5 or below.)

#### 3.3) Oil Supply

#### 3.3.1) Oil Used

Use the oil supplied by SunStar.

#### 3.3.2) Oil Supply

Oil is completely removed from the machine before machine shipment. Therefore oil should be supplied before sewing starts. Open the rubber plug (a) and supply oil until it reaches the upper line of the oil gauge.







#### 3.3.3) Oil Gauge and Oil Window

Check the oil gauge © every day before starting sewing and supply more oil if the oil is not filled until the line.

During operation, check whether lubricant is oozed from the nozzle under the oil window.

To lengthen the lifespan of the sewing machine, the oil must be replaced after 250 hours of sewing.



#### 3.3.4) Oil Filter Checking and Replacement

When the oil filter (c) is clogged with dust, normal lubrication cannot be made. The oil filter should be checked every six months. If the oil is sufficient in the tank, but the oil does not come out from the nozzle B or the oil volume is small, check the filter.

To check the oil filter, remove the oil filter cap first. If it is found that the oil filter is clogged, replace it with a new one.





When removing the oil filter cap (f), ensure that the remaining oil in the filter does not drop to the floor.

#### 3.4) Adjustment of Looper and Needle

3.4.1) Looper's Location and Angle Adjustment

Fully insert the looper base (a) into the looper supporting block and fasten the fixing screws.







• As in the right figure, adjust the angle between the looper supporting block (b) and the looper at 90~92°.

- When the looper tip passes the needle groove, the distance between the looper and the needle should be 0~0.1mm.



• Turn the hand pulley to set the stitch length at 3mm (see Page 22). When the needle bar is at the lowest position, and the looper tip moves between the left and right side of the needle center, check if the distance between the needle hole and the looper is 1.6~1.8mm.



• When the needle bar is at the lowest position, the distance between the looper tip and the needle center should be some 5mm.





#### 3.4.2) Needle Height Adjustment

When the needle bar is at the highest position, the distance between the needle plate face and the needle tip should be some 10mm. The height adjustment can be made with the adjusting screw (b). When the adjustment is complete, make sure that the needle is accurately inserted into the needle hole on the needle plate.





#### 3.5) Adjustment of Retainer Looper

#### 3.5.1) Front and Rear Adjustment of Retainer Looper

Turn the hand pulley to set the stitch length at 3mm (see Page 22). When the needle bar moves to the lowest position, and the needle tip (a) and the retainer looper (b) tip are at the same height, make sure that the distance between the needle tip and the retainer looper tip is 2.0~2.2mm.

For adjustment, loosen the screw ⓒ of the retainer looper ⓓ and make the front and back adjustments.



• When the stitch length changes widely, the distance might change, requiring adjustment.





### 3.5.2) Adjustment of Retainer Looper's Left, Right Position

When the looper (e) is located the most forward, the retainer looper tip should be at the line (f) of the looper (e). For adjustment, loosen the screw (h) on the retainer looper body (g) and make the left and right adjustment.

• When the needle bar descends from the highest to the lowest position, the tip of the needle (a) should be at the same height of the tip of the looper (b), and the distance between the needle (a) and the retainer looper (b) should be 0.8~1.3mm on the left side.





#### 3.5.3) Adjustment of the Retainer Looper Height

The retainer looper should be above the highest position of the looper (e), and the distance between the retainer looper (b) and the highest position of the looper (e) should be 0.1~0.4mm. For adjustment, loosen the screw (f) on the retainer looper (g).

### 3.6) Adjustment of Distance Between Needle and Needle Guide

The needle guide (a) should be adjusted to push the needle (b) by 0~0.05mm.







For adjustment, loosen the screw (1) and spin the needle guide (2).



#### 3.7) Adjustment of Presser Foot

#### 3.7.1) Presser Foot's Pressure

The pressure of the presser foot should be low enough to feed the fabric and create stitches. Loosen the pressure adjusting screw's nut ① on the presser bar and turn the presser bar pressure adjusting screw ② using a coin. When the adjustment is complete, fix the nut ①.

When the screw ② is turned clockwise, the pressure gets stronger. When the screw is turned counter-clockwise, the pressure gets weaker.



#### 3.7.2) Location of Presser Foot

Fix the presser foot to the presser bar to ensure that the needle accurately passes through the center of the needle hole on the presser foot. Loosen the screw (b) for adjustment.







#### 3.8) Thread Adjustment

#### 3.8.1) Adjustment of Thread Tension

Thread tension varies depending on sewing conditions such as fabric and thread used and stitch length. Thread tension is adjusted by using the nut (a), and the tension of the looper thread can be adjusted using the nut (b). To increase tension, turn the nut clockwise.





Tension should be light enough to create stitches.

#### 3.8.2) Location of Needle Thread Eyelet

The location of the needle thread eyelet ⓒ can be slightly adjusted up or down. To loosen the needle thread, adjust the eyelet upward. If it is adjusted downward, the needle thread gets tense.



#### 3.8.3) Location of Looper Thread Take-up Lever

The location of the looper thread eyelet ① can be slightly adjusted left or right. To loosen the looper thread, adjust the eyelet to the left. If it is moved to the right, the looper thread gets tense.





#### 3.9) Adjustment of Stitch Number

To adjust the stitch number, slightly press the stitch number adjusting button ① with the left hand to make its tip contact the inner part. While the button is pressed, turn the upper shaft pulley ② with the right hand to make the button inserted deeper. At this moment, while the button ① is strongly pressed, turn the upper shaft pulley to change the stitch length. When the upper shaft pulley ③ is turned counter-clockwise, the stitch length gets longer. Otherwise, the stitch length gets shorter.

Although the notch is same, the actual stitch length might be different depending on fabric type and fabric length. In this regard, adjust the upper shaft pulley again.



• For adjusting the step motor-based stitch length, see the electric part of the manual.

#### 3.10) Description of Automatic Parts

#### 3.10.1) Cutter Device

#### 3.10.1-1) Adjustment of Moving Blade

While the cutting cylinder is fully operating, loosen the moving blade supporting base screw to adjust the position of the moving blade.

Make sure that the tip of the moving blade is 2mm away from the fixed blade.







#### 3.10.1-2) Adjustment of Blade Pressure

The pressure of the moving blade could be changed. Use the blade pressure adjusting truss screw (d) to adjust the pressure of the moving blade. At the stop position of the moving blade (when the moving blade is fully open), the pressure washers (c) of the moving blade (3EA) should be slightly rubbed against each other.

#### 3.10.1-3) Replacement of Moving, Fixing Blades

Since blades are supplies, they require replacement from time to time. To replace moving and fixed blades, remove the fixing plate first. To remove the fixing plate, loosen the screw on the dish head. When replacing the blades (a) and (b), clean the supporting base.







#### 3.10.2) Skip Device

Maintain the distance<sup>(a)</sup> between the looper driving block<sup>(1)</sup> and the looper supporting block<sup>(2)</sup> at 6.5mm. The skip function is managed by air pressure.



#### 3.10.3) Grip Device

#### 3.10.3-1) Adjustment of Grip Device Front/Rear Position

Before operation, the initial front/rear position of the grip device could be set by adjusting the grip piston supporting bracket b and the knuckle a of the grip cylinder. Make sure that the distance between the fixed grip's lower face and the fixed blade fixing plate's upper face is some 1~2mm and that the distance between the tip of the fixed grip device and the fixed blade is some 3mm.



#### 3.10.4) Sensor Position

#### 3.10.4-1) Adjustment of Photo Sensor Position

The photo sensor position can be adjusted using the sensor-attached bracket. The default setting is as in the figure.







### 3.10.4-2) Adjustment of Detection Sensor Position

The detection sensor position should be adjusted to be some 1mm away from the safety cover sensor plate. Loosen the screw ② to move the detection sensor ①.



#### 3.10.5) Attachment of Band Folder

Adjust the tip of the band folder b to be at the center of the needle (a) and fix the band folder using the washer c and the screw d.



#### 3.11) Pneumatic Unit Connection

To properly operate the automatic devices, connect signal terminals and solenoid valves in the following order.

Presser Foot
Skip Stitch
Safety Cover
Cooler
Cutter
Grip





#### ▶ Pneumatic hose connection diagram





# 4

## Power Voltage and Control Box Cable Connection

#### 4.1) Power Voltage and Power Cord Connection

#### 1) Voltage

The tag to the power cord describes voltage specifications as below.

ſ		
	이 기계의 전기 사양은 공장 출고 시 아래의 🔽 표기대로 결선되어 있습니다.	
	The Electric Specification of This Machine is Connected Under $\boxed{V}$ Marked.	
	V 단상 (1 Phase) 삼상 (3 Phase)	
	110V 120V V 220V 240V 220V 240V	
L		

(1) Do not use the machine if the voltage is different from the specifications.

- (2) To change the voltage in use, see "How to change power voltage."
  - 1-phase connection (100V, 110V, 120V, 200V, 220V, 240V)
  - 3-phase connection (200V, 220V, 240V, 380V)



In case of 3-phase 380V, a separate transformer box should be installed on the table (please check this out when ordering).

#### 2) How to Change Power Voltage

- Since SMPS is used, the constant voltage can be maintained even with the input voltage change.
- Since free voltage is used, the switch connector should be used to change the main shaft board voltage between 110V and 220V.







## 5

### **Control Box Cable Connection**



[Rear cover of control box]



[Front cover of control box]

No.	Cable Name	Control Box Connector
4	Electronic solenoid/pneumatic output cable connection	CN7, CN8, CN9, CN10
'	Pneumatic output cable connection	CN14
2	Safety switch cable	CN29
	Lap switch cable	
3	Photo sensor connection cable	CN30
4	Detection sensor cable	CN32
	Needle bar original sensor cable	
5	Pedal input cable	CN33
6	P-shaft step motor connection	CN36
7	X-shaft step motor connection	CN25
	X-shaft step motor encoder cable	CN28
8	Y-shaft step motor connection	CN34
0	Y-shaft step motor encoder cable	CN38
9	Grounding cable	Connection to GND
10	External power input cable	Connection to power

\* Connector specifications for auxiliary input/output

No.	Cable Name	Control Box Connector
1	Signal input connector	CN21
2	Potential meter input connector	CN13



[Side cover of control box]

No.	Cable Name	Control Box Connector
-	OP Unit cable	CN15
-	Embedded synchro cable	CN6
-	Main shaft motor encoder cable	

# 6 Fuse Replacement



To prevent electric shock, wait 5 minutes before opening the cover after the power is turned off.
Turn off the power before opening the control box cover and then replace with the fuse of proper capacity.

1) The shaded part is for the fuse connection.



#### 2) Fuse Capacity and Use

No.	Capacity	Use
F1	15A	Protection of main power



# 7 Checkpoints Before Use

1. Do not turn on the power while the pedal is being stepped.



3. Turn off the power for machine repair or needle replacement.



5. Do not use various motors from one electric outlet.



7. When the control box is disassembled, be alert to the high voltage (make the disassembly at least 6 minutes after the power-off).



2. Turn off the power when user leaves the workplace.



4. Connect the ground wire.



6. Install the machine as much as away from the place where noise is generated such as high-frequency welder.



8. When error occurs, check the error number. Turn off the power and turn it on again to use the machine (if the same error recurs, contact the sales shop for inquiry).



# 8

## Location Detector (Synchronizer) Adjustment

#### 8.1) Location Detector (Synchronizer) Adjusting Methods

1) The synchronizer is attached to the sewing machine.

Therefore when the machine is shipped out, the synchronizer is attached as default.

2) Needle bar upper/lower stop position setting with the program unit

When the sewing machine is purchased, step on the pedal and operate the motor for 5 seconds before actual sewing. Then the pulley size and the upper/lower stop position of the needle bar are automatically memorized.

#### 3) Needle bar upper/lower stop position setting with the program unit

- (1) The controller of the sewing machine enables the convenient setting of the needle bar upper/lower stop position using the program unit without changing the synchronizer's setting.
- (2) Needle bar upper/lower stop position setting with the program unit ① Needle bar upper stop position setting

(a) Press the <b>M</b> button, and then light is on in <b>B</b> .	
(b) Use the <b>H</b> , <b>b</b> buttons (left and right buttons of the dial) to move to the needle bar upper stop position mode.	
(c) When the button is pressed for longer than 3 seconds, the numerical number appears on the 4-digit display with the beep sound as in the right figure indicating the current position. The 3-digit display shows UP (meaning upper stop position).	
<ul><li>(d) User should turn the pulley in the forward direction manually to locate the needle bar at the desired upper stop position. Then 4-digit display shows the changed needle bar position.</li></ul>	
(e) When the needle bar moves to the desired position, press the to save the location. Then the screen returns to the needle bar upper/lower stop position setting mode with the beep sound.	



#### ② Needle bar lower stop position setting

(a) Press the <b>M</b> button, and then light is on in <b>A</b> .	
(b) Use the <b>H</b> , <b>D</b> buttons (left and right buttons of the dial) to move to the needle bar lower stop position mode.	
(c) When the button is pressed for longer than 3 seconds, the numerical number appears on the 4-digit display with the beep sound as in the right figure indicating the current position. The 3-digit display shows dn (meaning lower stop position).	
(d) User should turn the pulley in the forward direction manually to locate the needle bar at the desired lower stop position. Then 4-digit display shows the changed needle bar position.	
(e) When the needle bar moves to the desired position, press the <b>M</b> button to save the location. Then the screen returns to the needle bar upper/lower stop position setting mode with the beep sound.	nEd

## Parts and Use of Program Unit

#### 9.1) Parts Name of Parameter Unit



- ① 4-digit display
- 2 3-digit display
- ③ Increase/decrease buttons
- ④ Increase/decrease dial
- (5) Mode select lamps
- (6) Mode select button
- ⑦ Parameter entry/exit button
- (8) Function select buttons



#### 9.2) Function Description of Program Unit Parts

Part Name	Image	Function	
① 4-digit display		They are the displays where current	
② 3-digit display		machine appears.	
③ Increase/decrease buttons		They increase or decrease the values of each mode and parameter.	
④ Increase/decrease dial		It increases or decreases the number of each mode and parameter.	
⑤ Mode select lamps		They show the mode selected which is necessary for sewing machine setting.	
6 Mode select button	Μ	It selects the mode necessary for sewing machine setting and saves parameter values.	
⑦ Function select buttons	F1 F2 F3	They are used to enter each parameter group and use hot keys. * Hot keys F1: Fine feed adjustment F2: Auto Process select	
	$\bigcirc$	It is used to enter or exit each parameter together with the function select buttons and to save the set values of each hot key.	

#### 9.3) How to Use the Program Unit

(1) Function and Use of 4-Digit and 3-Digit Displays



machine. Therefore, user needs to check them out before machine operation.

#### (2) Using the Mode Select Button

(1) Name of Select Modes

Caution



speed value appears on the 4-digit display, while the current feed value appears on the 3-digit display.

② Sewing mode setting



③ Counter A Mode Setting (Automated function mode)

(a) Press <b>M</b> . When light is on in <b>A</b> , Counter A can be	e set.		
<ul> <li>(b) Whenever pressing , the stitch number appears on the 4-digit display, and the counter number appears on the 3-digit display.</li> <li>* After Counter A3, Counter B1 follows.</li> <li>* For detailed methods of using Counter A, see "Roles of each counter when using the automatic waist band production process."</li> </ul>	 →	   ]    →	
(c) Use (increase) and (decrease) (or the left and the dial) to set a desired value.	l right buttons of		5

SunStar.



#### ④ Counter B Mode Setting (Automated function mode)

(5) Feed Adjusting Mode Setting





6 Needle Bar Position Setting When Sewing Is Stopped



#### ⑦ Presser Foot Position Setting When Sewing Is Stopped



#### (8) Trimmer and Wiper Setting

\* This function is not applicable to the SC8100J series.

# **10** Settings

#### 10.1) Feed setting

(1) Fine feed adjustment

① When it is necessary to adjust the feed in a more detailed manner than the feed adjusted in the feed adjusted in the following method.	e feed adjustment mode
<ul> <li>② Press the F1 button for at least three seconds to move to the fine feed adjustment mode and set the feed.</li> <li>* Fine feed adjustment range : -1.0[mm] ~ +1.0[mm] Adjustment unit : 0.1[mm] each time</li> </ul>	FEEd
③ Press of after the setting is complete to save the set value.	FEEd

#### (2) Feeding Start Position Setting

① Press <b>M</b> to go to the needle bar position select mode.		
② Press of for a while, and the current needle bar angle is displ	layed.	
③ Manually turn the hand pulley forward. Check the angle value "A" when the needle enters the needle plate and the angle value "B" when the needle escapes the needle plate.	Angle value "A" when the needle enters the needle plate>	Angle value "B" when the needle escapes the needle plate>
④ Press to exit the needle bar angle display mode.	•	

⑤ Enter "A" into Parameter A-47 and press <b>M</b> to save the value.	
(a) Enter "B" into Parameter A 18 and press	280
to save the value.	48
Drace     Drace     to avit the momentum and a	3500
() Press () to exit the parameter mode.	
After a value is entered into Parameter A-47 (or Parameter 48), the value is not sa	ved if <b>M</b> is not
Caution pressed.	—

#### **10.2) Auto Waist Band Production Process**

(1) Ensure that the basic sewing motion is normal before using the automatic production process.



If the automatic production process is used without checking proper motion of the sewing machine, physical damage might occur.

(2) How to Use

<h( 1) 1</h( 	Hot Key> ① Press F2 for three seconds or longer. With beep sound, "AUTO" appears on the 4-digit display, and "O" appears on the 3-digit display respectively.							
21	Use 🕂 (increa desired value. Th							
	Mode							
0 Basic sewing mode								
	AUTO							

SunStar.

r <b>ameter&gt;</b> n Parameter #A	A-56 is set at 1 or	2, the automated process mode becomes selected.	
Parameter	Value	Description	
	0	Basic sewing mode	ſ
A-56	1	Automated process mode 1 (possible individual work)	ļ
	2	Automated process mode 2 (repeated work function)	ſ





Press the set value at Parameter No. A-56. Make sure to press the

button to save.



When the auto process mode is in use, the cutter motion could be very dangerous. If it is necessary to place a hand behind the needle bar or near the feed device to adjust the cutter or the sensor, the power and pneumatic pressure should be turned off.

#### (3) Roles of Each Counter Upon Auto Process

Counter	Basic Stitch Number	Description
A1 (Start Skip Stitch)	5	It sets a value for stitch skip on the inner side of the first hem of trousers (When the photo sensor 1 detects the first hem of trousers, stitches are created as many as the set value at Counter A1.
A2 (End Skip Stitch) 5 It sets a value for stitch skip on the inner side of the last her the photo sensor 3 detects the last hem of trousers, stitches a as the set value at Counter A2).		It sets a value for stitch skip on the inner side of the last hem of trousers (When the photo sensor 3 detects the last hem of trousers, stitches are created as many as the set value at Counter A2).
A3 (Grip Motion)	10	It pulls backward the fabric before the end cutter operates. If the fabric is not properly pulled back when the end cutter operates, reduce the value (When the photo sensor 2 detects the last hem of trousers, stitches are created as many as the set value at Counter A3 and then grip starts operating).
B1 It sets the value (Initial cutting Length) 3 It sets the value at a certain spe		It sets the value for the initial cutting timing (When the photo sensor 3 detects the first hem of trousers, stitches are created as many as the set value at Counter B1 at a certain speed (2000[rpm]) and the cutter starts operating).
B2 (Not used)	Not used	Not used
B3 (End Cutting Length)	15	It sets the value for the end cutting operating timing (When the photo sensor passes the last hem of trousers, stitches are created as many as the set value at Counter B3 at a certain speed (2000[rpm]) and the cutter starts operating).



#### (4) Auto Process Workflow

① Terms and Names





When the Auto Process mode is in use, the cutter motion could be very dangerous. If it is necessary to place a hand behind the needle bar or near the feed device to adjust the cutter or the sensor, the power and pneumatic pressure should be turned off.



#### ② Workflow for automated process mode 1 (possible individual work)





#### ③ Workflow of automated process mode 2 (repeated work function)

# **11** Using Parameters

#### 11.1) Initialization

Caution

While <b>F1</b> is pressed, turn on the power.	
F1       + "Power On"         Return to default values	
When initialization is performed, all user defined machine is shipped out from factory. Therefore d     After initialization, the rotary operation should be	values are returned to default values set when the lo not use the initialization function unless it is necessary. e conducted at the speed of 1000[rpm] or above in order to

11.2) Checking or Altering Detailed Parameter Values

memorize the position detector's location.

(1) While $\bigcirc$ is pressed, immediately press <b>F1</b> . Then the machine is in the mode of checking or altering the set values of Group A parameters. (Group A: <b>F1</b> , Group <b>F2</b> :, Group C: <b>F3</b> )	
② Use F1 (increase) and F3 (decrease) to move to desired parameters. The 2-digit display shows parameter number, while the 4-digit display shows set parameter value (i.e. Max. sewing speed set at Group A, Parameter 2).	
<ul> <li>③ Use + (increase) and - (decrease) (or Dial CW/CCW) to set a desired value and press to save. (i.e. Change the maximum speed from 3500PRM to 2000RPM).</li> </ul>	
(1) When the value is saved, press (1) to return to the initial screen.	2000
. If mis not proceed, changed parameter values will not be saved	•

M is not pressed, changed parameter values will not be saved.

If the detailed parameter values are changed at the discretion of user, it may cause machine breakdown
or physical damage. To avoid undesired situations, user should have a full understanding of parameters
before altering parameter groups.

Caution



#### 11.3) Parameter Details

No	Function	Default Value	Range	Step	Remarks
1	Minimum pedal speed (minimum sewing speed limit)	200	20~510	2[spm]	
2	Maximum pedal speed (maximum sewing speed limit)	3500	20~9960	20[spm]	
3	Not Used				
4	Waiting time to next motion after cutting (delay time until the next motion is performed after cutting)	4	4~1020	2[spm]	
5	Cutter safety guide operating time	40	10~2000	10[ms]	
6	Not Used				
7	Cutter operating time	300	100~3000	100[ms]	
8	<b>-</b>	0	0/1	0 : Forward spinning	
0	Post trimming reverse spin select	_	-	1 : Reserve spinning	
9	Reverse spinning distance if post trimming reverse spin is selected	20	0~250	1[degree]	
10	Pulley fixed when stopped	0	0/1	1: Pulley fixed when stopped	
11	Fixing force when the pulley is fixed at A10	40	10~100	1	
12	Recovery distance upon forced spinning when the pulley is fixed at A10	20	10~100	1[degree]	
13	Motor spinning direction 🖂 🗍 🦳 🗋	1	0/1	0: reverse	
10	select (forward, reverse)	•	0/1	1: forward	
14~	Not Used				
46	Not Used				
47	Fitting motor driving angle setting 1 (Needle bar's needle plate entry angle setting)	80	0~359	1[degree]	
48	Fitting motor driving angle setting 2 (Needle bar's needle plate entry angle setting)	280	0~359	1[degree]	
49	Fitting motor spinning type setting	2	0/1/2	* See the footnote	
50	Photo sensor 1 on delay time	0	0~250	1[ms]	
51	Photo sensor 1 off delay time	0	0~250	1[ms]	
52	Photo sensor 2 on delay time	0	0~250	1[ms]	
53	Photo sensor 2 off delay time	0	0~250	1[ms]	
54	Photo sensor 3 on delay time	0	0~250	1[ms]	
55	Photo sensor 3 off delay time	0	0~250	1[ms]	
56	SC8100.1 auto process mode select	0	0 0/1	0: normal mode	
00	Sources noue select		0,1	1: auto process mode	

(1) Group A Parameters: They are related to general sewing machine functions

\* Footnote:

A-49 mode

0: Fitting motor will spin when the needle is below the needle plate during sewing.

Fitting motor will spin regardless of needle location during sewing.
 Fitting motor will spin at the "0" mode at the low speed, while it will spin at the "1" mode at the high speed.

No	Function	Default Value	Range	Step	Remarks		
1	Cutter guide solenoid test		number desired to				
2	Skip solenoid test * Set the solenoid humber desired to			number desired to			
3	Cutter solenoid test	enoid test test. Press M on PU and check the					
4	Grip solenoid test	motion status.					
5	Presser foot solenoid test	"C	N" or "OF	F" is displayed			
6	Air cooler solenoid test			i is displayed.			
7~	Not used						
29	Not used						
30	Pedal test		Pedal forward: Ft Pedal neutral: nt Pedal backward: PE				
31	Photo sensor 1 test						
32	Photo sensor 2 test	_					
33	Photo sensor 3 test		"				
34	Detection sensor test	— * "ON" c	or "OFF″ is	displayed when there			
35	Safety switch test	is an ir	nput.				
36	Main motor synchro test						
37	Step motor synchro test						
38	Pedal analog output checking		0~64				
39	Synchro signal checking	Increase	e at each t	ime of sewing operation			
40	Encoder A/B signal checking	<ol> <li>Increase during the forward spinning</li> <li>Decrease during the reverse spinnir</li> </ol>		the forward spinning the reverse spinning			
41	Encoder R/S/T signal checking	<ol> <li>During forward spinning Displayed as 101→100→110→101→011→001→10</li> <li>During reverse spinning</li> </ol>		spinning •110→101→011→001→101 spinning •011→010→ 110→100→101			
42~	Not Used						
49	Not Used						
50	Allowing the cutter guide solenoid operation	1	0/1	0:Disable 1:Enable			
51	Allowing the slip solenoid operation	1	0/1	0:Disable 1:Enable			
52	Allowing the cutter solenoid operation	1	0/1	0:Disable 1:Enable			
53	Allowing the grip solenoid operation	1	0/1	0:Disable 1:Enable			
54	Allowing the presser foot solenoid operation	1	0/1	0:Disable 1:Enable			
55	Allowing the air cooler solenoid operation	1	0/1	0:Disable 1:Enable			
56	Allowing the step motor operation	1	0/1	0:Disable 1:Enable			
57~	Not Used			1			
59	Not Used						
60	Allowing the safety switch operation	1	0/1	0:Disable 1:Enable			

(2) Group B Parameters: They check input/output motions.



No	Function	Default Value	Range	Step	Remarks
1	Pedal forward phase 1 section	17	0~64	1	
2	Pedal forward phase 2 section	22	0~64	1	
3	Pedal forward phase 3 section	38	0~64	1	
4	Pedal forward phase 4 section	47	0~64	1	
5	Pedal forward phase 5 section	59	0~64	1	
6	Sewing speed value at pedal advance phase 1	440	40~9960	40[spm]	
7	Sewing speed value at pedal advance phase 2	920	40~9960	40[spm]	
8	Sewing speed value at pedal advance phase 3	4000	40~9960	40[spm]	
9	Sewing speed value at pedal advance phase 4	5480	40~9960	40[spm]	
10	Sewing speed value at pedal advance phase 5	9960	40~9960	40[spm]	
11	Maximum motor speed limit	4000	20~5000	20[spm]	
12	Synchro sensor spinning detection time	40 x 0.1	5~1275	0.5[sec]	
13	Overload detection time	30 x 0.1	5~1275	0.5[sec]	
14	Power off detection time	52	4~1020	4[ms]	
15~	Not used				
40	Not used				
41	Speed P-gain	20	0~30	1	
42	Speed D-gain	20	0~300	1	
43	Location P-gain	170	0~500	1	
44	Location D-gain	2000	0~3000	1	
45	Acceleration A accel A	40	1~50	1	
46	Acceleration B accel B	70	1~50	1	
47	Acceleration C accel C	40	1~50	1	
48	Acceleration D accel D	8	1~50	1	
49	Sewing machine inertia value Inertia	40	0~255	1	
50	Positioning speed Wpos	220	100~500	2[rpm]	
51	Stop speed Wstop	75	0~500	2[rpm]	
52	Waiting time for complete stop StopDelay	80	4~1020	4[ms]	
53	Positioning distance DIST1	80	0~255	1[degree]	
54	High-level speed instruction unit Spd_unit	100	1~100	1[spm]	
55	Positioning P-gain Kpp2	400	0~500	1	
56	Positioning D-gain Kpd2	4000	0~5000	1	
57	Positioning P-gain Kpp3	100	0~500	1	
58	Positioning D-gain Kpd3	1800	0~5000	1	

(3) Group C Parameters: They set various gains relating to pedal speed acceleration/reduction curve and motor control.

**12** Digital Board ROM Replacement



Professional A/S engineers should perform the replacement. General user is not allowed to perform the replacement.





13

### **Errors and Troubleshooting**

\* When the working conditions become abnormal due to unexpected changes in the sewing machine, error messages appear on the program unit as below thanks to the self-diagnostic function. With the display of an error message, the machine stops operation and the alert sound is issued.

Take proper actions according to the error number displayed and resume operation.

If the error remains unresolved, please contact a SunStar sales shop.

No	Error Message	Definition	Troubleshooting
1	OPEN Err	Safety switch error	Check the safety switch cable and connector
2	PU26 Err	Improper connection of the program unit	Check the program unit cable and connector
3	FAN Err	FAN error	Check the proper operation of the fan and the connector
4	STEP Err	Step motor error	Check the step motor connector and the motor
5	60 Err	The location detector was connected while the power is on.	Turn off the power and then turn it on again
6	61 Err	The location detector was removed while the power is on.	Turn off the power and then turn it on again
7	126 Err	The electric current directions of the motor's revolving magnet and the fixed coil do not match.	Check the motor's revolving magnet status
8	127 Err	The direction of the encoder R/S/T does not match the direction of A/B.	Check the encoder cable and connector
9	128 Err	No encoder R/S/T signals.	Check the encoder cable and connector
10	129 Err	Overloaded motor	Manually spin the machine to check the overload level
11	130 Err	No signals from the location detector	Check the location detector cable and connector
12	131 Err	Excessive electric current running the motor and connector error	Check the motor cable and connector
13	133 Err	IPM's excessive electric current cut	Turn off the power and then turn it on again
14	SF 22	Cutter guide error	• Adjust the cutter guide and the approaching sensor after turning off the power. When adjustment is complete, turn on the power again.



Waist band M(Mechanical)/E(Electronic) SERIES BLOCK DIAGRAM

